

## **CHAPTER 10.10 SIGNS**

### **10.10.005 Short Title**

This chapter may be referred to as the Newport Sign Code.

### **10.10.010 Purpose**

The purposes of the Newport Sign Code are:

- A. To protect and promote the health, safety, property, and welfare of the public, including but not limited to promotion and improvement of traffic and pedestrian safety.
- B. To improve the neat, clean, and orderly appearance of the city for aesthetic purposes.
- C. To allow the erection and maintenance of signs consistent with the restrictions of the Newport Sign Code.
- D. To prevent distraction of motorists, bicyclists and pedestrians.
- E. To allow clear visibility of traffic signs and signal devices, pedestrians, driveways, intersections, and other necessary clear vision areas.
- F. To provide for safety to the general public and especially for firemen who must have clear and unobstructed access near and on roof areas of buildings.
- G. To preserve and protect the unique scenic beauty and the recreational and tourist character of Newport.
- H. To regulate the construction, erection, maintenance, electrification, illumination, type, size, number, and location of signs.

### **10.10.015 Scope**

All signs shall comply with this chapter. Provided however, that any signs in the Agate Beach area annexed in 1998 shall comply with Chapter 10.15, and in the event of an inconsistency between the two chapters, Chapter 10.15 shall prevail as to any property within the Agate Beach area.

### 10.10.020 Prohibited Signs

No sign may be erected, maintained, or displayed except as expressly authorized by this chapter.

### 10.10.025 Conflicting Provisions

If any provisions of this chapter conflict with any law or regulation requiring a sign or notice, the law or regulation requiring the sign or notice shall prevail.

### 10.10.030 Definitions

The definitions in this section apply in this chapter.

- A. **Adjacent** means immediately next to and on the same side of the street.
- B. **Awning** includes any structure made of cloth, metal, or similar material with a frame attached to a building that may project outwards but can be adjusted to be flat against the building when not in use.
- C. **Building** shall include all structures other than sign structures.
- D. **Bulletin Boards**. A bulletin board is a surface for posting posters, cards, or notices, usually of paper, and not illuminated or electrical.
- E. **Business** means the premises where a duly licensed business is conducted. Multiple businesses conducted within the same premises shall be subject to the same limits as would a single business on the same premises.
- F. **Canopy** includes any structure made of cloth, metal, or similar material projecting out from a building that is fixed and not retractable.
- G. **Clearance** is the distance between the highest point of the street, sidewalk, or other grade below the sign to the lowest point of the sign.
- H. **Display Area** means the area of a regular geometric figure that encloses all parts of the display surface of the sign. Structural supports that do not include a display or message are not part of the display area.

- I. **Erect** means to build, attach, hang, place, suspend, paint, affix, or otherwise bring into being.
- J. **Externally Illuminated Sign** is a sign illuminated by an exterior light source that is primarily designed to illuminate the sign.
- K. **Face** means any part of a sign arranged as a display surface substantially in a single plane.
- L. **Grade** means the surface of the ground at the point of measurement. Height shall be measured from the lowest point of the grade immediately below the sign or any sidewalk or street within 5 feet of the sign and the top of the sign.
- M. **Internally Illuminated Sign** shall mean a sign illuminated by an interior light source, which is primarily designed to illuminate only the sign.
- N. **Multiple Business Property** means a property used for business or commercial purposes under a single ownership or control and containing less than 40,000 square feet of land area and on which three or more separate businesses or commercial enterprises are located.
- O. **Painted** includes the application of colors directly on a wall surface by any means.
- P. **Person** means individuals, corporations, firms, partnerships, associations, and joint stock companies.
- Q. **Premise** means a lot, parcel, or tract of land.
- R. **Reader Board** is a sign designed so that the sign face may be physically or mechanically changed, but does not include electronic message signs.
- S. **Shopping Center** means any property used for business or commercial purposes under a single ownership or control having at least 40,000 square feet of land area and on which are located business or commercial improvements containing at least 20,000 square feet of floor space.

- T. **Sign** means any medium, including structure and component parts, which is used or intended to be used to display a message or to attract attention to a message or to the property upon which such sign is located.
1. **Electronic Message Sign** means a permanent sign consisting of text, symbolic imagery, or both, that uses an electronic display created through the use of a pattern of lights in a pixilated configuration allowing the sign face to intermittently change the image without having to physically or mechanically replace the sign face, including an LED (Light Emitting Diode) sign, as distinguished from a static image sign.
  2. **Freestanding Sign** means any sign permanently attached to the ground that is not affixed to any structure other than the sign structure.
    - a. **Pole Sign** means a freestanding sign that is mounted on a pole or other support that is not as wide as the sign.
    - b. **Monument Sign** means a freestanding sign in which the sign structure is at least as wide as the sign.
  3. **Mural Sign** means a sign that is painted directly on the wall of a building or retaining wall, without any sign structure or additional surface.
  4. **Portable Sign** means a sign that is not attached to the ground or any structure and is movable from place to place. "Portable sign" does not include any sign carried or held by an individual.
  5. **Projecting Sign** means a sign attached to the wall or roof of a building with a sign face that is not parallel to the wall or roof.
  6. **Roof Sign** means a sign attached to a roof of a building, or a sign attached to a wall of a building but extending above the top edge of the wall where the sign is located.
  7. **Temporary Sign** means any sign, regardless of construction materials, that is not permanently mounted and is intended to be displayed on an irregular basis for a limited period of time

- 8. **Wall Sign** means any sign attached to a wall of a building that does not extend above the wall of the building and is parallel to and within one foot of the wall.
- 9. **Window Sign** shall mean any sign placed inside or upon a window facing the outside and which is visible from the exterior.
- U. **Sign Business** means the business of constructing, erecting, operating, maintaining, leasing, or selling signs.
- V. **Sign Structure** means the supports, upright braces, and framework of the sign.

#### **10.10.035 Application, Permits, and Compliance**

- A. Except as exempted by this chapter, no person shall erect, replace, reconstruct, move, or remove any permanent sign without a sign permit, or place a temporary or portable sign without a sign permit. All signs shall comply with this chapter and any other applicable law. Any sign permit may be withdrawn for violation of this chapter or any other applicable law.
- B. Written applications on city forms are required. The applicant shall provide the following information:
  - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of the applicant.
  - 2. Proposed sign location, identifying the property and any building to which the sign will be attached.
  - 3. A sketch, plan, or design showing the method of attachment, structure, design, and such other information necessary to allow a determination of compliance. Nothing in this section requires the applicant to provide any information regarding the content of any message displayed on the sign.
  - 4. Grade, height, dimensions, construction materials, and specifications.
  - 5. Underwriter Laboratories certification in the case of an electrical sign.

6. Name and address of the person, firm, corporation, or other business association erecting the structure.
- C. The city shall issue a sign permit based on a determination that the proposed sign complies with this chapter and other applicable law. Construction of the sign must be completed within 90 days after issuance of the sign permit. An extension of the 90-day period may be granted. If a sign was partially constructed and not completed within the 90-day period or any extension, the partially completed work shall be removed. Permits shall specify the location, size, and type of sign, and any conditions applicable to the sign. Permits for temporary signs and portable signs in rights of way shall specify the duration of the permit and/or the times when the signs may be in place.
  - D. When electrical permits are required, they shall be obtained and the installation approved prior to making connection to the electrical power source.
  - E. Permit fees shall be established by resolution of the City council, and paid with submission of the sign permit application, as follows:
    1. For the erection, placement, replacement, reconstruction, or relocation of a sign. Such fee shall be supplemented by a surcharge for a mural sign that exceeds the maximum permissible size for a wall sign in the same location. Non-profit organizations are exempt from the requirement to pay the supplemental fee for a mural sign.
    2. For the repair, demolition, or removal of an existing sign and/or its supporting structure.
    3. For temporary signs placed in the right of way. Non-profit organizations are exempt from the requirement to pay this fee.
    4. For portable signs placed in the right of way. Such fee shall include a monthly charge for use of the public right-of-way. Non-profit organizations are exempt from the requirement to pay either fee required by this section.

#### 10.10.040

#### Signs in Public Rights-of-Way

- A. Except as provided in this section, permanent signs wholly located within rights-of-way are prohibited. A sign permit does not allow a sign to project into any part of any public right-of-way unless expressly stated in the permit. Each applicant shall determine the location of the public right-of-way and whether any proposed permanent sign will project into any public right-of-way. Any sign permit that allows a sign projecting into any public right-of-way shall be revocable at any time by the city with or without cause.
- B. Permits are required for temporary or portable signs within rights-of-way and may be issued only if authorized in this section.
  1. Permits for temporary and/or portable signs in rights-of-way may be granted if the sign is to be in place for no more than five consecutive days and no more than 10 total days in a calendar year.
  2. Permits for portable signs within rights-of-way for more than five consecutive days and more than 10 total calendar days in a year may be granted if the portable sign is placed adjacent to a business location operated by the permittee, the sign is removed at all times when the business is not open, and the sign is within the following areas:
    - a. On SW Coast Highway between SW Angle Street and SW Fall Street.
    - b. On SW Bay Street between SW Naterlin Drive and SW Bay Boulevard. On Bay Boulevard between SW Bay Street and SE Moore Drive.
    - c. On Hurbert Street between SW 7<sup>th</sup> Street and SW 9<sup>th</sup> Street.
    - d. In the area bounded by Olive Street on the south, NW 6<sup>th</sup> Street on the north, SW High Street and NW Coast Street on the east and the Pacific Ocean on the west, including both sides of each named street. For purposes of this section, "Olive Street" means both Olive Street and the area that Olive Street would occupy if it continued straight to the Pacific Ocean west of SW Coast Street.

- e. On SE Marine Science Drive/SE OSU Drive between SE Pacific Way and Yaquina Bay.
- f. In that portion of the South Beach area of Newport, east of Highway 101, west of Kings Slough, south of the intersection of Highway 101 and 40<sup>th</sup> Street and north of the intersection of Highway 101 and 50<sup>th</sup> Street.

*(Chapter 10.10.040(B.)(2.)(f.) was added by the adoption of Ordinance No. 2001, adopted on March 16, 2010; effective April 15, 2010.)*

- 3. Permits may be granted under Subsections B.1 and B.2 of this section only if:
  - a. The sign is not within any vehicle travel lane;
  - b. The sign does not restrict clear vision areas at intersections and driveway access points; and
  - c. The sign does not prohibit pedestrian movement on a sidewalk.
- C. The following signs are exempt from the prohibitions and requirements of this section:
  - 1. Sign placed by the city or other governmental entity with responsibility for the right-of-way.
  - 2. Permanent signs placed in a location where allowed by a license or easement from the city to an adjacent property owner to occupy the right-of-way. Signs allowed by this exemption must comply with all other requirements of this chapter, and the display area of the signs will be included in the calculation of the maximum display area of the adjacent property.
  - 3. Signs not exceeding one square foot on a pole in the right-of-way placed on the pole by its owner.
- D. Signs placed in ODOT right-of-way may also require approval from ODOT.
- E. No permit may be issued for a sign in the right-of-way unless the applicant provides proof of liability insurance in an amount determined to be sufficient by the city manager.

*(Section 10.10.045 amended by Ordinance No. 1986, adopted on September 8, 2009; effective October 8, 2009.)*

#### **10.10.045 Prohibited Signs**

No sign shall be constructed, erected, or maintained:

- A. That uses lights unless effectively screened, shielded, or utilized so as not to direct light directly into the eyes of motorists traveling on any street or highway.
- B. That includes any single light bulb that creates more light than a 60 watt incandescent bulb (800 lumens).
- C. That uses neon tubing on the exterior surface of a sign for sign illumination where the capacity of such tubing exceeds 300 milliamperes rating for white tubing or 100 milliamperes rating for any other color of tubing.
- D. That uses flashing or intermittent light.
- E. That uses any type of rotating beacon light, zip light, or strobe light, or any light not directed to or part of the illumination of the sign.
- F. That uses wind-activated devices or devices which flutter in the wind, such as propellers, but excluding flags, banners, and pennants.
- G. That is flashing, blinking, fluctuating, or animated, that has parts that are flashing, blinking, fluctuating, or animated; or that includes similar effects.
- H. That uses a guy wire for support of a sign, except where there exists no other means of support for a sign otherwise conforming to the requirements of this chapter.
- I. That has any visible moving parts, visible revolving parts, visible mechanical movement of any description, or any other apparent visible movement achieved by electrical, electronic, or kinetic means, including intermittent electrical pulsations or movement or action by wind currents.
- J. That is erected at the intersection of any street that substantially obstructs free and clear vision of motorists, pedestrians and cyclists, or at any location where it may

interfere with, obstruct, or be confused with any authorized traffic sign.

- K. While subject to these prohibitions, this section shall not be construed to prohibit electronic message signs where expressly permitted elsewhere in this chapter.

#### **10.10.050 Projection and Clearance**

- A. Signs shall not project more than 3 feet over any public right-of-way, and in no case shall be within 2 feet of a traveled roadway.
- B. The minimum clearance of any sign over driveways, parking lots, or public right-of-ways is 16 feet, excepting that the minimum clearance of any sign over a sidewalk is 8 feet, unless the sidewalk is used as a driveway.

#### **10.10.055 Exempt Signs**

The following signs are exempt from regulation under this chapter:

- A. Signs erected or maintained by or on behalf of a federal, state, or local governmental body. This exemption shall not apply to signs that are otherwise prohibited under Section 10.10.045 except when the sign is placed in a public right-of-way by the entity responsible for managing the public right right-of-way as allowed under Section 10.10.040 (C)(1).
- B. Signs not visible from a public right-of-way or from property other than the property where the sign is located. For purposes of this section, “property where the sign is located” includes all property under common ownership,” and “visible” means that the sign face is visible.

#### **10.10.060 Partially Exempt Signs**

- A. The following signs are exempt from the permit requirement and, except as expressly provided to the contrary, do not count towards maximum display area:
  - 1. One sign not exceeding two square feet on each property with a separate street address, placed flat against the building.

2. In a residential zone on a property where a home occupation is legally conducted, a non-illuminated sign not exceeding two square feet in area, placed flat against the building.
  3. Signs placed on post boxes.
  4. Non-illuminated signs on private property oriented towards internal driveways and parking areas, not to exceed 3 square feet in area.
  5. Signs that are an integral part a building, including those cut into any masonry surface, as well as signs integrated into the structure of a building constructed of bronze or other non-combustible materials.
  6. Signs placed within a public right of way place by the public entity with responsibility for administering the right of way.
  7. Flags.
- B. Each religious institution is allowed to have, in addition to signage otherwise allowed, additional signage not to exceed 48 square feet in area, including each face of any multiple faced sign. No single sign face may exceed 24 square feet, except reader boards, which may not exceed 32 square feet and bulletin boards, which may not exceed 16 square feet. The sign(s) allowed by this subsection are exempt from the maximum total display area standard.
- C. Each community center and educational institution is allowed one reader board not exceeding 32 square feet in area in addition to other allowed signs. The sign allowed by this subsection is exempt from the maximum total display area standard.
- D. Temporary signs complying with all of the following are permitted in all zones without a permit, in addition to any other permitted signs:
1. The signs must be entirely on private property and outside of any vision clearance areas.
  2. The signs do not exceed 20 square feet of display area or any horizontal or vertical dimension of 8 feet.

3. The signs are not erected more than 90 days prior to the date of an election and they are removed within 30 days after the election.
  4. They are erected or maintained with the consent of the person or entity lawfully in possession of the premises and any structure to which they are attached.
- E. One temporary portable sign per business placed on private property is permitted. Temporary portable signs shall be made of permanent, durable materials and shall be maintained in a good condition. Temporary signs (portable and attached) in the aggregate may not exceed 24 square feet for all display area surfaces on a single property. Temporary signs shall not be included in the calculation of total maximum display area. All portable signs shall be weighted, anchored, or constructed so that they will not move or collapse in the event of wind, or otherwise create a hazard.

*(Chapter 10.10.070(E.) was added by the adoption of Ordinance No. 2001 on March 16, 2010; effective April 15, 2010.)*

#### **10.10.065                      Signs at Subdivision Entrances**

One permanent sign per subdivision entrance not to exceed 16 square feet in area is permitted. Signs at subdivision entrances may be illuminated but which shall not obstruct any required vision clearance area.

#### **10.10.070                      Vehicle Signs**

Any sign attached to or imprinted upon a validly licensed motor vehicle operating legally upon the streets and highways of the State of Oregon is exempt from this chapter while the vehicle is traveling upon any street or highway, or while such vehicle is parked to carry out an activity incidental to interstate commerce, but is otherwise not exempt unless:

- A. The sign is painted or otherwise imprinted upon, or solidly affixed to, the surface of the vehicle, with no projection at any point in excess of 6 inches from the surface of the vehicle.
- B. The vehicle, with the sign attached, complies with all applicable requirements of the Motor Vehicle Code required for the lawful operation thereof.

**10.10.075 R-1, R-2, and R-3 Residential Districts**

In all R-1, R-2, and R-3 residential districts, the following signs are allowed:

- A. One non-illuminated sign not exceeding 2 square feet.
- B. One non-illuminated temporary sign not exceeding 8 square feet in area.
- C. One non-internally illuminated sign not exceeding 20 square feet in area placed flat against the building for each apartment complex.

**10.10.080 R-4 Residential District**

In an R-4 residential district, the following signs are allowed:

- A. For residential uses, signs allowed in the R-1, R-2 and R-3 districts.
- B. For hotels, motels, recreational vehicle parks, and movie theaters, no more than two illuminated signs that do not exceed 100 square feet in total area. The signs may be internally or externally illuminated, but may not include electronic message signs.
- C. For all other uses, a maximum of 20 square feet of sign area per street frontage. The maximum area shall be a combination of wall and freestanding signs. Freestanding signs shall be set back a minimum of 10 feet from all property lines and shall not exceed 8 feet in height. No sign may be internally illuminated.

**10.10.85 Commercial, Industrial, and Marine Districts**

In commercial, industrial, and marine zoning districts, signs are allowed subject to the following parameters:

- A. The maximum total area for roof and wall signs is two square feet of display area for each lineal foot of street frontage.
- B. The maximum total area for projecting and freestanding signs is one square foot of display area for each lineal foot of street frontage. Projecting and freestanding signs

having two sides facing in opposite directions shall be counted as having only one face, which shall be the larger of the two faces if not of equal size. Only the larger face of back-to-back signs within two feet of each other and signs on opposite parallel ends of awnings shall be counted towards total maximum size.

- C. Each street frontage of a business shall be limited to not more than 2 signs, only one of which may be other than a wall sign unless there is more than 200 lineal feet of street frontage, in which case one additional sign is permitted. Where a property contains an electronic message sign, only one freestanding sign is permitted.
- D. Window signs shall not exceed 16 square feet in area. Window signs are not included in the calculation of total display area.
- E. Except within marine zoning districts or the Historic Nye Beach Design Review District, electronic message signs on properties with no more than one freestanding sign of up to 20 feet in height, provided the electronic message sign:
  - 1. Is less than or equal to thirty-five percent (35%) of the total allowable sign area per sign face.
  - 2. Displays text, symbolic imagery, or a combination thereof for a period of time in excess of (5) minutes before a change occurs. This provision does not apply to the display of time, date and temperature information.
  - 3. Changes the entire display text, symbolic imagery, or combination thereof within two (2) seconds.
  - 4. Is turned off between the hours of 11 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. unless the sign is associated with a business that is open to the public, in which case the sign may stay illuminated until the business is closed.
  - 5. Does not contain or display animated, moving video, flashing, or scrolling messages.
  - 6. Contains a default mechanism that freezes the sign in one position if a malfunction occurs.

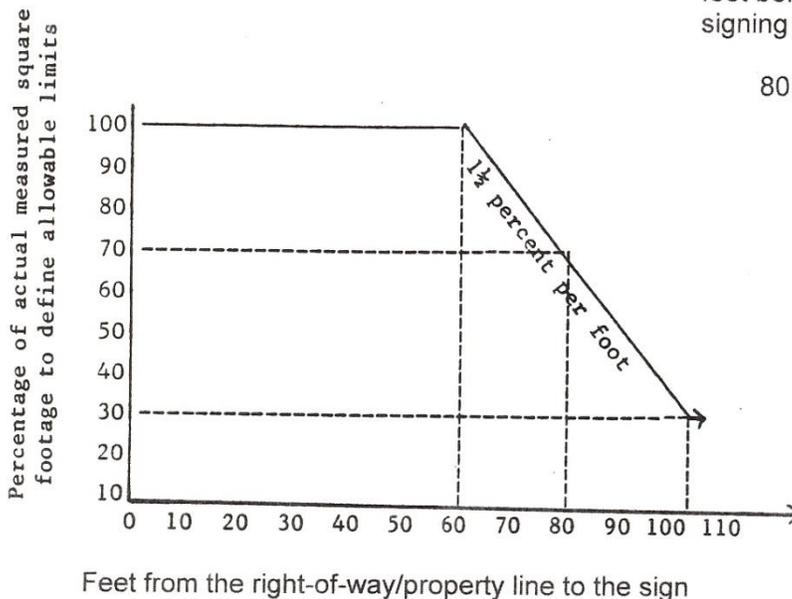
- 7. Automatically adjusts the intensity of its display according to natural ambient light conditions.
- 8. Adheres to a maximum night-time illumination standard of 0.3 foot-candles as measured from a distance, in lineal feet, from the sign that is equivalent to the square root of the display area, in square feet, multiplied by 100.

F. Mural signs.

G. Each street frontage of a business shall be limited to no more than 200 square feet of display area for all non-exempt signs other than mural signs.

H. Notwithstanding any limitation on total sign area, each separate business is allowed at least 50 square feet of display area.

I. The maximum display area allowed shall be adjusted based on distance from the nearest property line, using the graph below:



E.g., 60 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 100 square feet being charged to the allowable signing area.

80 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 70 square feet being charged to the allowable signing area.

105 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 32.5 square feet being charged to the allowable signing area.

e.g., 60-foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 100 square feet being charged to the allowable sign area.

80 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 70 square feet being charged to the allowable sign area.

105 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 32.5 square feet being charged to the allowable sign area.

- J The maximum height of all signs other than mural signs shall be no greater than 30 feet above grade.
- K. The maximum horizontal or vertical dimension of the display surface of any sign other than mural signs shall not exceed:
  - 1. Thirty feet for freestanding and roof signs on properties adjacent to Highways 101 or 20 that are located at least 125 feet from the center line of the highway and at least 76 feet from the center line of any other street.
  - 2. Fifty feet or the width of the wall for wall sign horizontal dimension.
  - 3. Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the maximum horizontal or vertical dimension of any display surface shall not exceed 20 feet.

#### **10.10.90 Signs in Shopping Centers**

For shopping centers and multiple business properties, the number and size of signs are governed by this section.

- A. The maximum number of freestanding signs on shopping center properties is two and the maximum number of freestanding signs on multiple business properties is one.
- B. The maximum number of wall signs for shopping centers and multiple business properties is one per street frontage.
- C. For both shopping centers and multiple business properties, the maximum total area display area of all freestanding and wall signs and is one square foot for each lineal foot of street frontage, with a maximum of 200 square feet per sign. Only one side of a double-faced freestanding sign shall be including in the calculation of display area, provided that the sign faces are 180 degrees opposed and separated by two feet or less.

- D. In addition to the signs allowed by subsections A through C, each individual business may erect wall signs on the premises controlled by the individual business of up to two square feet of display area for each lineal foot of frontage. For the purposes of this subsection, the term frontage means the distance, measured in a straight line, along any one wall of the business premises facing and providing public access to the separate premises of the business. Where a business has entrances allowing public access on more than one frontage, wall signs may be erected for each frontage, but the display area maximum shall be calculated separately for each frontage.
- E. The provisions of NMC 10.10.085 for signs in commercial, industrial, or marine districts apply to shopping centers and multiple business properties except as modified by this subsection.

#### **10.10.095**

#### **P1, P-2, and P-3 Public Districts**

In public zoning districts, signs are allowed subject to the following parameters:

- A. The maximum total area for roof and wall signs is two square feet of display area for each lineal foot of street frontage.
- B. The maximum total area for projecting and freestanding signs is one square foot of display area for each lineal foot of street frontage. Projecting and freestanding signs having two sides facing in opposite directions shall be counted as having only one face, which shall be the larger of the two faces if not of equal size. Only the larger face of back-to-back signs within two feet of each other and signs on opposite parallel ends of awnings shall be counted towards total maximum size.
- C. Each street frontage of a property shall be limited to not more than 2 signs, only one of which may be other than a wall sign unless there is more than 200 lineal feet of street frontage, in which case one additional sign is permitted. Where a property contains an electronic message sign, only one freestanding sign is permitted.
- D. Window signs shall not exceed 16 square feet in area. Window signs are not included in the calculation of total display area.

E. Electronic message signs on properties with no more than one freestanding sign of up to 20 feet in height, provided the electronic message sign:

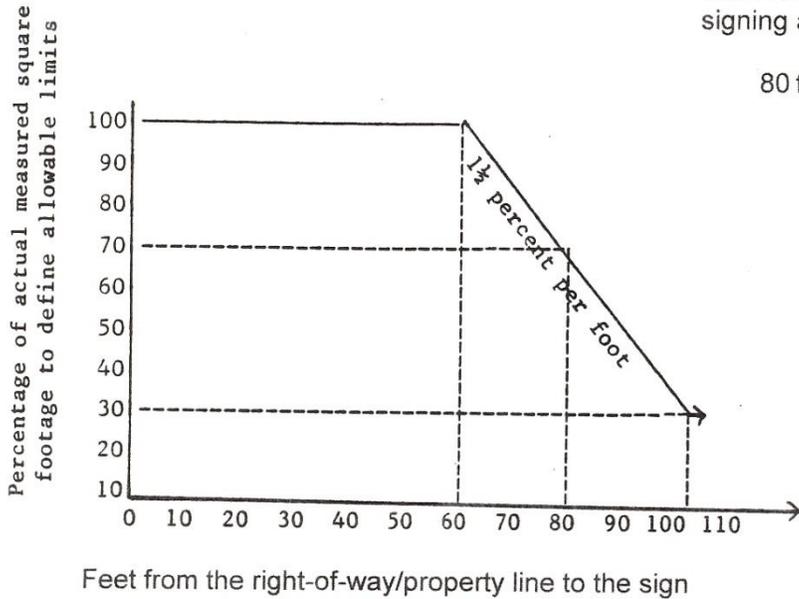
1. Is less than or equal to thirty-five percent (35%) of the total allowable sign area per sign face.
2. Displays text, symbolic imagery, or a combination thereof for a period of time in excess of (5) minutes before a change occurs. This provision does not apply to the display of time, date and temperature information.
3. Changes the entire display text, symbolic imagery, or combination thereof within two (2) seconds.
4. Is turned off between the hours of 11 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. unless the sign is associated with a facility that is open to the public, in which case the sign may stay illuminated until the facility is closed.
5. Does not contain or display animated, moving video, flashing, or scrolling messages.
6. Contains a default mechanism that freezes the sign in one position if a malfunction occurs.
7. Automatically adjusts the intensity of its display according to natural ambient light conditions.
8. Adheres to a maximum night-time illumination standard of 0.3 foot-candles as measured from a distance, in lineal feet, from the sign that is equivalent to the square root of the display area, in square feet, multiplied by 100.

F. Mural signs.

G. Each street frontage of a property shall be limited to no more than 200 square feet of display area for all non-exempt signs other than mural signs.

H. Notwithstanding any limitation on total sign area, each separate building is allowed at least 50 square feet of display area.

- I. The maximum display area allowed shall be adjusted based on distance from the nearest property line, using the graph below:



E.g., 60 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 100 square feet being charged to the allowable signing area.

80 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 70 square feet being charged to the allowable signing area.

105 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 32.5 square feet being charged to the allowable signing area.

e.g., 60-foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 100 square feet being charged to the allowable sign area.

80 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 70 square feet being charged to the allowable sign area.

105 foot setback of a measured 100 square foot sign results in 32.5 square feet being charged to the allowable sign area.

- J The maximum height of all signs other than mural signs shall be no greater than 30 feet above grade.

- K. The maximum horizontal or vertical dimension of the display surface of any sign other than mural signs shall not exceed:

- 2. Thirty feet for freestanding and roof signs on properties adjacent to Highways 101 or 20 that are located at least 125 feet from the center line of the highway and at least

76 feet from the center line of any other street.

2. Fifty feet or the width of the wall for wall sign horizontal dimension.
3. Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the maximum horizontal or vertical dimension of any display surface shall not exceed 20 feet.

#### **10.10.100 Construction and Safety Requirements**

All signs shall be well constructed in accordance with all applicable codes and requirements of law and shall be maintained in a safe, neat, and clean condition. Signs that are not in good repair or condition through deterioration or other reasons are prohibited and shall be either repaired or removed. If not repaired or removed by the owner, signs that are not in good repair or condition may be abated as authorized by this code.

#### **10.10.105 Dangerous and Abandoned Signs**

- A. Any sign or structure that is a nuisance or a dangerous structure may be abated as provided by city ordinances governing nuisances and dangerous structures. If the city manager or building official determines that any sign or sign structure constitutes an immediate threat, danger, or hazard to life, health, or property, the city manager or building official take any action necessary to immediately abate the risk, pursuant to the police power of the City of Newport and without prior notice.
- B. Any sign that has been abandoned or reasonably appears to be abandoned constitutes a hazard and may be abated as provided in Subsection A.

#### **10.10.110 Removal of Signs in Rights-of-Way**

Any unauthorized sign in a public right-of-way may be removed immediately without notice by the city and removed to a place of storage. A notice of removal shall be sent to any owner of the sign known to the city, notifying the owner that the sign will be destroyed unless the owner claims the sign within 20 days of the notice. If the owner is unknown to the city, no notice is required and the sign may be destroyed if unclaimed after 20 days from the date of removal. No sign removed from the right-of-way shall be returned to the owner

unless the owner pays a removal fee to the city in an amount set by Council resolution. If the city reasonably estimates the value of the sign materials to be less than \$10.00, the city may immediately dispose of any sign left in the right-of-way without notice.

#### **10.10.115 Remedies**

A sign erected or maintained in violation of this chapter is a nuisance and a civil infraction. The city may pursue any one or more of the legal, equitable administrative and self-help remedies legally available to it. All remedies of the city, both as a governmental body and otherwise are cumulative.

#### **10.10.120 Nonconforming Signs**

- A. The purpose of this section is to discourage nonconforming signs and to work toward eliminating or removing nonconforming signs or bringing them into conformity with this chapter. Nonconforming signs shall not be enlarged, expanded or extended, nor used as grounds for adding other structures or signs otherwise prohibited.
- B. A nonconforming sign may not be altered as to size, message, or construction, except that common and ordinary maintenance to maintain the sign in a good and safe condition is allowed, including incidental structural repair or replacement.
- C. If a nonconforming sign is damaged or destroyed by any cause including normal deterioration to the extent that the cost of repair shall exceed 50% of the replacement value of the sign, the sign may not be repaired or restored, and may be replaced only by a sign conforming to the provisions of this chapter.

#### **10.10.125 Content and Interpretation**

This chapter and Chapter 10.15 do not regulate the content of signs and shall be interpreted as not regulating content. These chapters shall be interpreted if at all possible to be consistent with constitutional protection of expression, and any provision that unconstitutionally restricts expression shall not be enforced, and the remainder of the provisions shall continue to be applicable and shall be applied constitutionally.

### **10.10.130 Variance Requirements**

Any person may seek a variance to the numerical provisions of this chapter or of Chapter 10.15 by filing a written application. The procedure and process applicable to zoning adjustments and variances (including but not limited to the notification process, public hearing process, conditions of approval, time limitations, and revocation of permits as applicable for the type of adjustment or variance requested) shall be followed. The fee shall be the same as for a zoning adjustment or variance. The criteria for the sign variance shall be as specified below. In addition to the requirements for submitting a zoning adjustment or variance, a sign inventory including the location, type, and size of each sign on the property shall be submitted with the application.

- A. All sign variance applications that propose to increase the number or size of signs or propose a variance from any other numerical standard shall be determined by the Planning Commission using the zoning Type III Variance procedure, based on a determination that the proposed variance is the minimum necessary to alleviate special hardships or practical difficulties faced by the applicant and that are beyond the control of the applicant.
- B. All sign variance applications based on a change in a sign or signs that decreases but does not eliminate an existing nonconformity shall be determined by the community development (planning) director using a Type I Adjustment procedure, based on a determination that the proposal will result in a reduction of the nonconformity without increasing any aspect of nonconformity.

### **10.10.135 Violations**

A violation of this chapter or of Chapter 10.15 is a civil infraction, with a civil penalty not to exceed \$500. The penalty for a second or subsequent violation within two years may be up to \$1,000. A violation occurs on the date of the occurrence of the act constituting the violation. Each violation is a separate infraction, and each day in which a violation occurs or continues is a separate infraction.

*(Chapter 10.10 was enacted by Ordinance No. 2037 on May 21, 2012; effective June 20, 2012.)*